Linking the 2030 Agenda/SDGs with the National SD Strategy - the case of Montenegro

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Outline

1. What were the immediate follow-up activities after HLPF 2016 for the 2030 Agenda/SDGs in your country? What activities do you plan in the near future?
2. How will you link 2030 Agenda/SDGs implementation to your National SD Strategy and other policy strategies?
3. What are the expectations for the sub-national level to support the 2030/SDGs implementation?
On July 7th, 2016 Montenegro’s *NSSD until 2030* was adopted by the Central Government and entered into implementation.

This was the result of a 4-year multi-stakeholder process (led by MoSDT under the supervision of the NC - SD, CC, ICZM) aimed at revising the NSSD originally adopted in 2007.

NSSD revision was centered on the SDGs, to materialize MNE commitment to be an ecological state.

MNE became one of the first UN member countries testing the implementation of the global Agenda 2030 within its national policy context.

Montenegro was a frontrunner at the HLPF meeting on 11-15 July 2016.
NSSD review process and its outcomes

- Montenegro’ NSSD is divided in 6 main thematic areas:
  - Human Resources
  - Social Resources
  - Natural Resources
  - Economic Resources
  - Governance for Sustainable Development
  - Financing for Sustainable Development

- How to monitor progress? How to operationalize SDGs at the country level?
NSSD review process and its outcomes

- Aim: create an Integrated Monitoring Framework for tracking progresses against Montenegro’s NSSD until 2030 and to fulfill the following:
  - Ensure SDGs Indicators are transferred into the national policy context of the NSSD, thus allowing reflection of the global Agenda 2030 in national development plans, strategies and policies;
  - Ensure issues of priority relevance for Montenegro - that are not tracked by the SDGs - are included and monitored in the NSSD through National Indicators;
  - Ensure easy monitoring (and communication) of Montenegro’s overall progresses in each thematic area of the NSSD via Composite Indicators.
### NSSD review process and its outcomes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Human Resources</th>
<th>Social resources</th>
<th>Natural resources</th>
<th>Economic resources</th>
<th>Governance for SD</th>
<th>Financing for SD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SDGs indicators allocated</td>
<td>43 SDGs</td>
<td>60 SDGs</td>
<td>29 SDGs</td>
<td>35 SDGs</td>
<td>44 SDGs</td>
<td>30 SDGs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG Indicators fully tracked by National Institutions</td>
<td>10 SDGs Indicators (23.3%)</td>
<td>7 SDGs Indicators (11.7%)</td>
<td>0 SDGs Indicators (0%)</td>
<td>9 SDGs Indicators (25.7%)</td>
<td>0 SDGs Indicators (0%)</td>
<td>1 SDGs Indicator (3.3%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG Indicators partially tracked by National Institutions</td>
<td>7 SDGs Indicators (16.3%)</td>
<td>7 SDGs Indicators (11.7%)</td>
<td>4 SDGs Indicators (13.8%)</td>
<td>9 SDGs Indicators (25.7%)</td>
<td>0 SDGs Indicators (0%)</td>
<td>7 SDGs Indicators (23.3%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDG Indicators to be tracked by National Institutions by 2018</td>
<td>13 SDGs Indicators (30.2%)</td>
<td>8 SDGs Indicators (13.3%)</td>
<td>6 SDGs Indicators (20.7%)</td>
<td>3 SDGs Indicators (8.6%)</td>
<td>7 SDGs Indicators (15.9%)</td>
<td>0 SDGs Indicators (0%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total # of SDGs nationally tracked by 2018</td>
<td>30 SDGs Indicators (69.8%)</td>
<td>22 SDGs Indicators (36.7%)</td>
<td>10 SDGs Indicators (34.5%)</td>
<td>21 SDGs Indicators (60%)</td>
<td>7 SDGs Indicators (16%)</td>
<td>8 SDGs Indicators (26.7%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional SDGs Indicators Internationally tracked</td>
<td>6 SDGs Indicators</td>
<td>4 SDGs Indicators</td>
<td>2 SDGs Indicators</td>
<td>1 SDGs Indicator</td>
<td>1 SDGs Indicator</td>
<td>1 SDGs Indicator</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- 98 indicators will be monitored in Montenegro by 2018 (40.7% of the total). 143 SDGs indicators currently unavailable in Montenegro (59.3%)
- Consultations with 36 national data-reporting institutions conducted
  - 22 additional indicators to be introduced by 2020 (reaching 50% coverage of the SDGs)
  - 36 additional indicators by 2022 (reaching 65% coverage)
  - 23 additional indicators by 2024 (reaching 75% coverage)
- 20 indicators not relevant
Next steps: NSSD implementation

- Continuous monitoring of the global SDGs process (2020; 2025)
- UNEP/MAP simplified peer-review project: link with MSSD
- Setting up and testing an NSSD database and information reporting system (for cooperation and coordination)
- Revising the statistical legislation system
- Monitoring of improvements in national indicators development
- Piloting of Composite Indicators and their introduction within the statistics system of Montenegro
- Communication efforts (awareness raising)
- Sub-national transposition of the NSSD (7 out of 23 regional plans)
- Adequate financing/budget reallocation
Thank you!

Questions?

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